MyFirewall-(2 Interfaces)

```
#!/bin/bash
# Copyright (c) 2002 Pierre Burri
# MyFirewall is free for personal use only.
# Use this firewall at your own risks, I am NOT responsable if someone
# is able to break through it and corrupt your system.
# You have been warned!
# File Name : /etc/init.d/MyFirewall
# Version : 1.01-elop
# Author : Pierre Burri, can be reached at pierre@globeall.de
         This firewall is my own "soup" but inspired from the book
#
         "Das Firewall Buch" from Wolfgang Barth, "Linux Firewalls"
#
         second edition from Robert L. Ziegler, many articles and
          my first firewall with ipchains.
#
          : 19-May-2001
# Date
# Release : 05-Jun-2001 added forwarding for ICMP
#
          09-Jun-2001 added possibility to administer the server from
#
                 a remote host (ssh)
#
         07-Jul-2001 ssh uses now only unprivileged ports
#
         10-Jul-2001 removes module ipchains if necessary (SuSE 7.2)
#
                 change grep to "inet addr" (SuSE 7.2)
#
                 added transparent proxy
#
         12-Jul-2001 use REDIRECT for transparent proxying
                 "iptables -t nat -F" added when the firewall is
#
#
                 stopped
#
         02-Nov-2001 added tests for icmp_xxx because some kernel
#
                 parameters have disappeared with SuSE 7.3
#
         15-Nov-2001 added second ethernet card for ADSL,
#
                 added a few new local variables
#
         24-Nov-2001 added a test if the script is run in a terminal
#
         12-Dez-2001 added MSS (Max Segment Size) correction for ADSL
#
                 in the FORWARD chain
#
         20-Dez-2001 cleanup unnecessary test lines
#
                 added a many more comments, the new chains www_for,
                 renamed logdropsyn in logdropopen, echo-request in
#
#
                     INPUT but with burst-limit, doesn't log netbios
#
                     packets anymore etc...
#
          3-Jan-2002 service auth added in OUTPUT filter.
#
                     TCP flags check added. New chains tcp_flags,
#
                     spoofed_src_ip, spoofed_dst_ip, icpm_in &
                     icmp out added. log end of nat table.
#
#
                 Replaced com_out and com_for with www_serv.
         11-Apr-2002 - changed the grep of the IP Addr because of
#
#
                      english (addr) and german (Adr).
#
                     - because of SuSE 8.0 added variables if_config,
#
                       net stat and iptables
#
                 - added variable allow_smtp & allow_http for more
#
                      flexibility and test purposes
#
          15-Apr-2002 - removed eth1 for DSL.
```

```
#
                      with pppoe, only ppp0 is used and not eth1.
#
                     added variable allow_smtp_test
#
          7-Jun-2002 - fixed ping problem.
#
          8-Jun-2002 - added possibility of a permanent ssh entry.
                     - added variable forwarding for the possibility
#
                      to disable forwarding/masquerading functions.
#
#
                     - all lan can be disabled.
#
          9-Jun-2002 - fixed bug with ssh remote entry.
#
          20-Jun-2002 - added variables allow_pop3 and allow_ftp for
#
                      for pop3 server und ftp server.
                 - for tests purposes added variables inside C lan
#
#
                      & allow_cups_b.
#
          16-Jul-2002 - added Time Server entry and variable
#
# Usage
          :/etc/init.d/MyFirewall cmd [ext-IF] [dis|ena|IP-Address]
#
#
         1. param: cmd = start or stop or restart or status.
#
         2. param: ext-IF = ppp0 for ADSL/Modem, ippp0 - ipppn for ISDN.
#
         3. param: ssh-entry. If there is no 3. parameter or 3. parameter
#
                   is "dis", then ssh from outside is disabled (default).
#
                   If 3. argument is "ena", then ssh from outside is
#
                   enabled. If 3. parameter is an IP-Address, then only
#
                   this IP-Address can enter through the firewall.
#
#
         MyFirewall should be called by /etc/ppp/ip-up.local
#
         don't forget to make it execubale: chmod 755 /etc/ppp/ip-up.local
#
#
         ip-up.local should have the following lines:
#
#
         #!/bin/bash
#
         /etc/init.d/MyFirewall restart $1
#
#
         It is probably a good idea, especially if you run a proxy like
         squid, to start as well a cache DNS Server (bind9 or bind8)
#
         beside the firewall. Don't forget to put the DNS Servers of your
#
         ISP (Provider) in the configuration file of /etc/named.conf
#
#
          (the following example is for T-DSL):
#
#
          forwarders { 217.230.170.127; 194.25.2.129; };
#
#
         and configure carefully who can access your name server, eg.:
#
#
          allow-query { 127.0.0.1; 192.168.10.0/24; };
#
```

```
#-----
# Script Result variables
# The following two variables were taken from /etc/rc.status
if [ $TERM = "linux" -o $TERM = "xterm" ]
then
  rc done="\015\033[80C\033[10D\033[1;32mdone\033[m\017"
  rc_failed="\015\033[80C\033[10D\033[1;31mfailed\033[m\017"
else
  rc done="done"
  rc_failed="failed"
# NOTE: Variables with *** in comments are have to be adapted
# the following 3 variables have to be eventually adapted if "ifconfig" or
# "netstat" or "iptables" are not in the same path on your linux distribution.
# These are set for SuSE Linux 8.0
if_config=/sbin/ifconfig
net_stat=/bin/netstat
iptables=/usr/sbin/iptables
# Definition of local variables.
# *** "ssh_rip" allow to control if a remote connection through SSH to this
# host is possible. The possible values are "dis" (disabled) or "ena"
# (enabled). The value of "ssh_rip" is overwritten, wenn an IP-Address is given
# as a third paramater at the start of the firewall.
ssh_rip=ena
# *** do you want to allow access to your Web server (Apache) from outside?
# default = no
allow_http=no
# *** do you want to allow access to your Mail server (Sendmail, Postfix, Qmail) from
# outside?
# default = no
allow_smtp=no
# the following variable is only for SMTP-Test purposes
allow_smtp_test=no
# *** do you want to allow access to your POP-3 server (qpopper)
# from outside?
# default = no
allow_pop3=no
# *** do you want to allow access to your FTP server from outside?
# default = no
allow ftp=no
# is your firewall inside of a class C lan? MyFirewall is thought to
# protect a lan from the Internet. But, mainly for test purposes, it is
# possible to setup MyFirewall to protect a single host inside of a
# class C lan.
```

```
# If you set inside_C_lan=yes, probably def_ext_int will be = eth0,
# lan1 & lan2 will be disable and forwarding will be = no.
# Be sure you understand what you are doing before you change this variable!
# default = no
inside_C_lan=no
# do you want to allow CUPS broadcasts?
# this variable works only if inside_C_lan=yes and is mainly thought
# for tests purposes.
# default = no
allow cups b=no
# *** def_ext_int = default external interface (for the firewall's first start)
# ippp0 - ipppn for ISDN, ppp0 for T-DSL/ADSL or Modems
def_ext_int=ppp0
# *** does this firewall run on a router? (this means that forwarding and
# masquarading is necessary)
# default = yes, otherwise set it to no.
forwarding=yes
# *** the variable "adsl_router" is only necessary if you use this firewall
# on a router with a adsl/t-dsl connection.
# If you do not use this host as a adsl router, set "adsl router" to no.
adsl_router=yes
# *** Local IP address of this host where this firewall is running
my_host1=192.168.70.9
my_host2=192.168.71.9
# *** lan1 & lan2 (local area network) are for your regular client-hosts,
# adapt it to your own needs
# if you do not have a lan at all, then comment out (#) lan1 & lan2.
lan1=192.168.70.0/24
# *** if you do not have a second subnet, just remove "lan2" here or
# comment it out.
lan2=192.168.71.0/24
# *** int if1 (internal interface 1 is for the clients)
int_if1=eth1
int_if2=eth2
# Unprivileged ports
unpriv_p=1024:
# trace_p are the ports for "traceroute"
trace p=33434:33523
# *** IP-Address for a transparent Proxy Server (Squid)
# Comment the line "proxy" if you do not have a transparent Proxy Server
#proxy=$my_host
# Listening Port for the Proxy Server
proxy_p=3128
```

```
# Time Server ntp1.ptb.de
timeserver=192.53.103.103
# anything = The Internet
any=0/0
# list of illegal IP addresses
class a=10.0.0.0/8
class_b=172.16.0.0/12
class_c=192.168.0.0/16
class_d_multicast=224.0.0.0/4
class_e_reserved=240.0.0.0/5
loopback=127.0.0.0/8
broadcast_src=0.0.0.0
broadcast dst=255.255.255.255
# Determines all the interfaces
# -----
if [ $1 = start ]
then
   # Determines the ISDN or ADSL interface
   if [ $2 ]
   then
     www_if=$2
   else
     www_if=$def_ext_int
   fi
   # Makes a list of all used interfaces
   all_if="$www_if $int_if1 $int_if2"
   # Determines the local IP on the external interface to Internet
   www_ip=$($if_config $www_if |grep "inet [Aa]d" |cut -d: -f 2 \
     |cut -d" " -f 1)
 # determines if a remote connection with SSH for administration purposes
 # is allowed. ssh_rip = ssh remote IP address
   if [ $3 ]
   then
     ssh_rip=$3
   fi
fi
case "$1" in
  start)
    echo
    echo MyFirewall: Interface=$www_if Local-IP-Address=$www_ip
    # Turning on dynamic kernel parameters
    echo 1 > /proc/sys/net/ipv4/tcp_syncookies
    echo 1 > /proc/sys/net/ipv4/icmp_echo_ignore_broadcasts
    echo 1 > /proc/sys/net/ipv4/icmp_ignore_bogus_error_responses
    for f in $all_if; do
       echo 1 > /proc/sys/net/ipv4/conf/$f/rp_filter
       echo 0 > /proc/sys/net/ipv4/conf/$f/accept_redirects
       echo 0 > /proc/sys/net/ipv4/conf/$f/accept_source_route
```

```
echo 0 > /proc/sys/net/ipv4/conf/$f/bootp_relay
      echo 0 > /proc/sys/net/ipv4/conf/$f/log_martians
  done
  echo 1 > /proc/sys/net/ipv4/conf/$www_if/log_martians
  # the following parameters don't exist anymore with SuSE 7.3 and onwards
  file_exists="/proc/sys/net/ipv4/icmp_destunreach_rate"
  test -e $file_exists && echo 5 > $file_exists
  file_exists="/proc/sys/net/ipv4/icmp_echoreply_rate"
  test -e $file_exists && echo 5 > $file_exists
  file_exists="/proc/sys/net/ipv4/icmp_paramprob_rate"
  test -e $file_exists && echo 5 > $file_exists
  file_exists="/proc/sys/net/ipv4/icmp_timeexceed_rate"
  test -e $file_exists && echo 10 > $file_exists
# Load the module ip_tables and remove ipchains if allready loaded
  modprobe -r ipchains
  modprobe ip_tables
# Set default policies
         "Setting up firewall rules..."
  Siptables -P INPUT DROP
  $iptables -P OUTPUT DROP
  $iptables -P FORWARD DROP
  if [ $forwarding = "yes" ]
  then
     $iptables -t nat -P PREROUTING DROP
$iptables -t nat -P POSTROUTING DROP
$iptables -t nat -P OUTPUT DROP
  fi
  # Flushes all rules of all policies + nat table
  $iptables -F
  $iptables -t nat -F
  $iptables -N logdropspoof
$iptables -N logdropopen
$iptables -N tcp_flags
$iptables -N icmp_in
$iptables -N icmp_out
  $iptables -N spoofed_src_ip
  $iptables -N spoofed_dst_ip
  $iptables -N com_check
  $iptables -N www serv
                       *** logdropspoof chain ***
                       (log & drop spoofed packages)
  $iptables -A logdropspoof -j LOG --log-prefix "spoofed-ip "
$iptables -A logdropspoof -j DROP
                       *** logdropopen chain ***
```

-j ACCEPT

```
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                                                                 http://www.linux-age.com
                            (log & drop new connections)
     $iptables -A logdropopen -j LOG --log-prefix "new-or-open "
     $iptables -A logdropopen -j DROP
                              *** tcp flags chain ***
                            (check the validity of tcp flags)
    # 1st field = which flags are checked
    # 2nd field = which flags are set
     $iptables -A tcp_flags -p tcp --tcp-flags ALL NONE
                                                                        -j DROP
     Siptables -A tcp flags -p tcp --tcp-flags SYN, FIN SYN, FIN -j DROP
     $iptables -A tcp_flags -p tcp --tcp-flags SYN,RST SYN,RST -j DROP
     $iptables -A tcp_flags -p tcp --tcp-flags FIN,RST FIN,RST -j DROP
    $iptables -A tcp_flags -p tcp --tcp-flags ACK,FIN FIN
$iptables -A tcp_flags -p tcp --tcp-flags ACK,PSH PSH
$iptables -A tcp_flags -p tcp --tcp-flags ACK,URG URG
                                                                       -j DROP
                                                                        -j DROP
                                                                       -j DROP
                              *** icmp in chain ***
                             (accepts some icmp types)
$iptables -A icmp_in -p icmp --fragment -j LOG --log-prefix \
                                                                   "fragmented "
$iptables -A icmp_in -p icmp --fragment
                                                                     -j DROP
$iptables -A icmp in -p icmp --icmp-type echo-reply
                                                                     -j ACCEPT
$iptables -A icmp_in -p icmp --icmp-type echo-request
                                    -m limit --limit 5/minute -j ACCEPT
$iptables -A icmp_in -p icmp --icmp-type echo-request -j DROP
```

*** icmp out chain ****

(accepts some icmp types)

\$iptables -A icmp_in -p icmp --icmp-type destination-unreachable \

\$iptables -A icmp_in -p icmp --icmp-type source-quench -j ACCEPT \$iptables -A icmp_in -p icmp --icmp-type time-exceeded -j ACCEPT \$iptables -A icmp_in -p icmp --icmp-type parameter-problem \

```
# accept some ICMP
$iptables -A icmp_out -p icmp --icmp-type echo-reply -j ACCEPT
$iptables -A icmp_out -p icmp --icmp-type echo-request -j ACCEPT
$iptables -A icmp_out -p icmp --icmp-type destination-unreachable \
                                                        - j ACCEPT
$iptables -A icmp_out -p icmp --icmp-type fragmentation-needed
                                                        -i ACCEPT
$iptables -A icmp_out -p icmp --icmp-type source-quench
                                                        -j ACCEPT
$iptables -A icmp_out -p icmp --icmp-type time-exceeded
                                                        -j ACCEPT
Siptables -A icmp_out -p icmp --icmp-type parameter-problem
                                                        -j ACCEPT
```

```
*** spoofed_src_ip chain ***
```

(list of invalid source IP addresses)

```
# The following lines are taken from www.linux-firewall-tools/linux
# Refuse addresses defined as reserved by the IANA
# IANA = Internet Assigned Numbers Authority (www.iana.org)
# Note: this list includes the loopback, multicast,
# and reserved addresses.
# 0.*.*.*- Can't be blocked for DHCP users.
if [ $inside_C_lan = "no" ]
       then
           $iptables -A spoofed_src_ip -s $class_c -j logdropspoof
$iptables -A spoofed_src_ip -s $class_d_multicast -j logdropspoof $iptables -A spoofed_src_ip -s $class_e_reserved -j logdropspoof $iptables -A spoofed_src_ip -s $loopback -j logdropspoof $iptables -A spoofed_src_ip -s 0.0.0.0/8 -j logdropspoof $iptables -A spoofed_src_ip -s 169.254.0.0/16 -j logdropspoof $iptables -A spoofed_src_ip -s 192.0.2.0/24 -j logdropspoof $iptables -A spoofed_src_ip -s $broadcast_src -j logdropspoof $iptables -A spoofed_src_ip -s $broadcast_src -j logdropspoof
 *** spoofed_dst_ip chain ***
```

(list of invalid destination IP addresses)

```
$iptables -A spoofed_dst_ip -p ! udp -d $class_d_multicast \
                          -j logdropspoof
```

*** com_check chain ***

(common check to INPUT & FORWARD chains)

```
# Checks tcp flags
```

```
$iptables -A com_check -p tcp -j tcp_flags
```

Addresse Spoofing: no packets comming in schould claim to be from lan 1 or 2

```
if [ $lan1 ]
  $iptables -A com_check -i $www_if -s $lan1 -j logdropspoof
if [ $lan2 ]
  $iptables -A com_check -i $www_if -s $lan2 -j logdropspoof
$iptables -A com_check -i $www_if -j spoofed_src_ip
$iptables -A com_check -i $www_if -j spoofed_dst_ip
 # reject all UDP connections started from the Internet
 # on listening port >= 1024, (for eg. NFS)
 # but except port related to DNS
```

-j logdropopen

```
sed -n '/[0-9].*/p'); do
      if [ $udp_p -ge 1024 ]; then
         $iptables -A com_check -p udp -i $www_if --dport $udp_p \
                                                     -j logdropopen
      fi
    done
# reject anything + log to X Window ports
$iptables -A com_check -p tcp -i $www_if --dport 6000:6063 \
                                                     -j logdropopen
# reject + log anything to Open Window port
$iptables -A com_check -p tcp -i $www_if --dport 2000 \
                                                     -j logdropopen
# reject + log anything NFS & RPC port
# udp ports are already taken care above
$iptables -A com_check -p tcp -i $www_if --dport 2049 \
                                                     -j logdropopen
$iptables -A com_check -p tcp -i $www_if --dport 111 \
```

*** www serv Chain***

(output and forward to the Internet Services)

```
______
# DNS
$iptables -A www_serv -p tcp --sport $unpriv_p --dport domain
                                                   - j ACCEPT
$iptables -A www_serv -p udp --sport $unpriv_p --dport domain
# HTTP & HTTPS (WWW)
$iptables -A www_serv -p tcp --sport $unpriv_p --dport http
$iptables -A www_serv -p tcp --sport $unpriv_p --dport https
                                                   -i ACCEPT
# IMAP, POP3 & SMTP (Mail)
$iptables -A www_serv -p tcp --sport $unpriv_p --dport imap
                                                   -j ACCEPT
$iptables -A www_serv -p tcp --sport $unpriv_p --dport pop3
                                                   -j ACCEPT
$iptables -A www_serv -p tcp --sport $unpriv_p --dport smtp
                                                   -j ACCEPT
# FTP (outgoing, control port)
$iptables -A www_serv -p tcp --sport $unpriv_p --dport ftp
                                                   -j ACCEPT
# FTP DATA (outgoing, passive data connection)
```

```
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$iptables -A www_serv -p tcp --sport $unpriv_p --dport $unpriv_p \
                                                -j ACCEPT
$iptables -A www_serv -p tcp --sport $unpriv_p --dport ssh
                                                -j ACCEPT
# Traceroute
$iptables -A www_serv -p udp --sport $unpriv_p --dport $trace_p
______
$iptables -A www_serv -p tcp --sport $unpriv_p --dport auth
                                                -j ACCEPT
-----
# Time Server
$iptables -A www_serv -p udp --sport ntp -d $timeserver
                                   --dport ntp -j ACCEPT
                      *** INPUT chain ***
______
# accept everything comming from loopback device
$iptables -A INPUT -i lo -j ACCEPT
# accept everything comming from the lan 1 & 2
if [ $lan1 ]
     $iptables -A INPUT -i $int if1 -s $lan1 -j ACCEPT
fi
if [ $lan2 ]
   then
     $iptables -A INPUT -i $int_if2 -s $lan2 -j ACCEPT
fi
# accepts some icmp_types
$iptables -A INPUT -i $www_if -p icmp -j icmp_in
# checks TCP Flags, logand drop all possible known spoofed adresses
$iptables -A INPUT -i $www_if -j com_check
# Transparent Proxy for all clients
   if [ $proxy ]
   then
     -j REDIRECT --to-port $proxy_p
   fi
```

```
#Allow access to an SSH server?.
# Administration entry: ssh only possible with a defined IP address or "ena"
  if [ $ssh_rip != "dis" ]
    then
      if [ $ssh_rip = "ena" ]
      then
          $iptables -A INPUT -p tcp -i $www_if -s $any \
                          --sport $unpriv_p
                         -d $www ip --dport ssh
                         -m state --state NEW -j ACCEPT
      else
      $iptables -A INPUT -p tcp -i $www_if -s $ssh_rip \
                          --sport $unpriv_p
                         -d $www_ip --dport ssh
                         -m state --state NEW -j ACCEPT
      fi
    fi
# Allow access to a mail server?
    if [ $allow_smtp = "yes" ]
      $iptables -A INPUT -p tcp -i $www_if -s $any
                          --sport $unpriv_p
                         -d $www_ip --dport smtp
                         -m state --state NEW -j ACCEPT
    fi
# Allow access to a POP-3 server?
    if [ $allow_pop3 = "yes" ]
    then
      $iptables -A INPUT -p tcp -i $www_if -s $any
                          --sport $unpriv_p
                         -d $www_ip --dport pop3
                         -m state --state NEW -j ACCEPT
    fi
# Allow access to a FTP server?
    if [ $allow_ftp = "yes" ]
      $iptables -A INPUT -p tcp -i $www_if -s $any
                         -d $www_ip --dport ftp
-m state --dtate
                         -m state --state NEW -j ACCEPT
      $iptables -A INPUT -p tcp -i $www_if -s $any
                          --sport $unpriv_p
                         -d $www_ip --dport $unpriv_p
                         -m state --state NEW -j ACCEPT
# Allow access to Web server?
    if [ $allow_http = "yes" ]
      $iptables -A INPUT -p tcp -i $www_if -s $any
                          --sport $unpriv_p
                         -d $www_ip --dport http
                          -m state --state NEW -j ACCEPT
      $iptables -A INPUT -p tcp -i $www_if -s $any
```

```
--sport $unpriv_p
                          -d $www_ip --dport https
                          -m state --state NEW -j ACCEPT
    fi
               ______
# Are we firewalling a host in a C Lan?
    if [ $inside_C_lan = "yes" ]
    then
      # Allow CUPS broadcasts?
      if [ $allow_cups_b = "yes" ]
      lan_b=$(echo $my_host | cut -d. -f 1-3).255
      then
        $iptables -A INPUT -p udp -i $www_if --sport 631 \
                            -d $lan_b --dport 631 -j ACCEPT
      fi
    fi
# accept replies only when the connections has been started by oneself
$iptables -A INPUT -m state --state ESTABLISHED, RELATED -j ACCEPT
# Drop without logging: NetBios, Windows, CUPS, DHCP
$iptables -A INPUT -i $int_if1 -p udp --dport 137:138
                                                          -j DROP
$iptables -A INPUT -i $int_if1 -p udp --dport 631 -j DROP
$iptables -A INPUT -i $int_if1 -p udp --sport 60002:60004 -j DROP
$iptables -A INPUT -i $int_if1 -p udp -d 255.255.255.255 -j DROP
if [ $lan2 ]
    then
 $iptables -A INPUT -i $int_if2 -p udp --sport 60002:60004 -j DROP
 $iptables -A INPUT -i $int_if2 -p udp -d 255.255.255.255 -j DROP
#Log and drop New Connections attempt from Internet
$iptables -A INPUT -m state --state NEW,INVALID \
                                     -j LOG --log-prefix "in-new "
$iptables -A INPUT -m state --state NEW, INVALID -j DROP
# log all surviving incomming packages
$iptables -A INPUT -j LOG --log-prefix "end-in "
                         *** OUTPUT chain ***
# accept loopback, lan 1 & 2
$iptables -A OUTPUT -o lo -j ACCEPT
    if [ $lan1 ]
    then
      $iptables -A OUTPUT -o $int_if1 -s $my_host1 -d $lan1
                                                          -j ACCEPT
    fi
```

```
if [ $lan2 ]
   then
     $iptables -A OUTPUT -o $int_if2 -s $my_host2 -d $lan2
                                                     -j ACCEPT
   fi
# Checks TCP flags integrity
$iptables -A OUTPUT -p tcp -j tcp_flags
# Allow some ICMP types
$iptables -A OUTPUT -p icmp -j icmp_out
# Doesn't allow illegal destination IP addresses
$iptables -A OUTPUT -j spoofed_dst_ip
# just for internal mail server tests
   if [ $allow_smtp_test = "yes" ]
   then
     $iptables -A OUTPUT -p tcp -s $www_ip --sport smtp \
                         -d $any --dport $unpriv_p -j ACCEPT
      $iptables -A OUTPUT -p tcp -s $www_ip --sport smtp \
                         -d $any --dport smtp -j ACCEPT
_____
# outgoing established & related connections
$iptables -A OUTPUT -o $www_if -m state \
                        --state ESTABLISHED, RELATED -j ACCEPT
$iptables -A OUTPUT -o $www_if -s $www_ip -m state \
                        --state NEW
                                                     -j www_serv
$iptables -A OUTPUT -o $www_if -m state \
                       --state NEW,INVALID
                                                     -j DROP
```

```
# drop netbios packets without logging
$iptables -A OUTPUT -p udp --sport 137:138 -j DROP
$iptables -A OUTPUT -p tcp --sport 139 -j DROP
# log all surviving outgoing packets
$iptables -A OUTPUT -j LOG --log-prefix "end-out "
                   *** NAT / MASQUERADING ***
______
if [ $forwarding = "yes" ]
   then
             -----
    # Masquerade lan1 ---> Internet
    if [ $lan1 ]
     then
       $iptables -t nat -A POSTROUTING -o $www_if -s $lan1 \
                                                -j MASQUERADE
    fi
______
    # Masquerade lan2 ---> Internet
    if [ $lan2 ]
     then
       $iptables -t nat -A POSTROUTING -o $www_if -s $lan2
                                                -j MASQUERADE
    fi
    # accept anything going to and from local loopback (lo)
     $iptables -t nat -A OUTPUT -o lo -j ACCEPT
     #-----
     $iptables -t nat -A OUTPUT -o $www_if -s $www_ip -j ACCEPT
     #-----
     if [ $lan1 ]
     then
        $iptables -t nat -A OUTPUT -o $int_if1 \
                                  -s $my_host1 -d $lan1 -j ACCEPT
    fi
     #-----
     if [ $lan2 ]
     then
       $iptables -t nat -A OUTPUT -o $int if2 \
                                  -s $my_host2 -d $lan2 -j ACCEPT
     #-----
     $iptables -t nat -A POSTROUTING -o lo
                                                        -j ACCEPT
     $iptables -t nat -A POSTROUTING -o $www_if -s $www_ip -j ACCEPT
     $iptables -t nat -A POSTROUTING -o $int_if1 -s $my_host1 -j ACCEPT
    $iptables -t nat -A POSTROUTING -o $int_if2 -s $my_host2 -j ACCEPT $iptables -t nat -A POSTROUTING -o $int_if1 -s $lan2 -j ACCEPT $iptables -t nat -A POSTROUTING -o $int_if2 -s $lan1 -j ACCEPT
     #-----
     if [ $lan1 ]
     then
       $iptables -t nat -A PREROUTING -i $int_if1 \
                                            -s $lan1 -j ACCEPT
    fi
```

```
if [ $lan2 ]
  then
     $iptables -t nat -A PREROUTING -i $int_if2 \
                                                 -s $lan2 -j ACCEPT
 fi
 # Allow access to a mail server?
 if [ $allow smtp = "yes" ]
     $iptables -t nat -A PREROUTING -p tcp -i $www_if
                         -s $any --sport smtp
                         -d $www_ip --dport smtp -j ACCEPT
     $iptables -t nat -A PREROUTING -p tcp -i $www_if
                         -s $any --sport $unpriv_p
-d $www_ip --dport smtp -j ACCEPT
 # Allow SSH?
  if [ $ssh_rip != "dis" ]
     if [ $ssh_rip = "ena" ]
     then
       $iptables -t nat -A PREROUTING -p tcp -i $www_if
                         -s $any --sport $unpriv_p
-d $www_ip --dport ssh -j ACCEPT
       $iptables -t nat -A PREROUTING -p tcp -i $www_if
                         -s $any --sport $unpriv_p
                         -d $www_ip --dport $unpriv_p -j ACCEPT
     else
       $iptables -t nat -A PREROUTING -p tcp -i $www_if
                         -s $ssh_rip --sport $unpriv_p
                         -d $www_ip --dport ssh -j ACCEPT
       $iptables -t nat -A PREROUTING -p tcp -i $www_if
                         -s $ssh_rip --sport $unpriv_p
                         -d $www_ip --dport $unpriv_p -j ACCEPT
     fi
  fi
#Accept echo requests ICMP packets
$iptables -t nat -A PREROUTING -p icmp --icmp-type
                                         echo-request -j ACCEPT
#Drop the Netbios packets without logging
$iptables -t nat -A OUTPUT -p udp --sport 137:138 -j DROP
$iptables -t nat -A OUTPUT -p udp --dport 137:138 -j DROP
$iptables -t nat -A PREROUTING -p udp --sport 137:138 -j DROP
$iptables -t nat -A PREROUTING -p udp --sport 137:138 -j DROP
 ______
# Log the surviving packets
$iptables -t nat -A PREROUTING -j LOG --log-prefix "end-nat-pre "
```

```
$iptables -t nat -A POSTROUTING -j LOG --log-prefix "end-nat-post "
$iptables -t nat -A OUTPUT -j LOG --log-prefix "end-nat-out "
```

*** FORWARD chain ***

turn on IP Forwarding and Dynamic Address

```
#Forward related Established Connection responses from outside
$iptables -A FORWARD -i $www_if -o $int_if1 \
               -m state --state ESTABLISHED, RELATED -j ACCEPT
$iptables -A FORWARD -i $int_if1 -o $www_if \
               -m state --state ESTABLISHED, RELATED -j ACCEPT
if [ $lan2 ]
  then
      $iptables -A FORWARD -i $www_if -o $int_if2 \
               -m state --state ESTABLISHED, RELATED -j ACCEPT
      $iptables -A FORWARD -i $int_if2 -o $www_if
               -m state --state ESTABLISHED, RELATED -j ACCEPT
fi
# Log and drop all New connections from Internet
-j LOG --log-prefix "forw-drop "
$iptables -A FORWARD -i $www_if -o $int_if1 \
                      -m state --state NEW, INVALID -j DROP
if [ $lan2 ]
  then
      $iptables -A FORWARD -i $www_if -o $int_if2 \
                       -m state --state NEW, INVALID \
                       -j LOG --log-prefix "forw-drop "
      $iptables -A FORWARD -i $www if -o $int if2 \
                      -m state --state NEW, INVALID -j DROP
fi
                ------
# allow some ICMP types
$iptables -A FORWARD -p icmp -j icmp_out
# checks TCP Flags and spoofed IPs
$iptables -A FORWARD -i $www_if -j com_check
```

```
# Forward services initiated from lans: lan1&2 ----> Internet
   if [ $lan1 ]
   then
     $iptables -A FORWARD -i $int_if1 -s $lan1 -o $www_if \
                            -m state --state NEW -j www_serv
   fi
   if [ $lan2 ]
     then
       $iptables -A FORWARD -i $int_if2 -s $lan2 -o $www_if \
                            -m state --state NEW -j www_serv
   fi
   # Forward all packets from Lan1 to Lan2: lan1 ----> lan2
   if [ $lan1 -a $lan2 ]
     then
       $iptables -A FORWARD -i $int_if1 -s $lan1 -o $int_if2
                                       -d $lan2 -j ACCEPT
       fi
   # Don't show the rejected UDP-Packets
   $iptables -A FORWARD -p udp --sport 1024: -j DROP
   # catch all surviving packets for logging
   $iptables -A FORWARD -j LOG --log-prefix "end-forw "
----- END OF ROUTER RULES (forwarding = yes)------
______
else
    # Turn OFF forwarding and dynamic adressing
     echo 0 > /proc/sys/net/ipv4/ip_forward
     echo 0 > /proc/sys/net/ipv4/ip_dynaddr
fi
   echo -e "$rc_done"
;;
```

```
#----- STOP FIREWALL -----
  stop)
    echo -n "shutting down firewall rules. "
    # Turning off IP Forwarding
    echo 0 > /proc/sys/net/ipv4/ip_forward
    # Set default policies
    $iptables -P INPUT ACCEPT
    $iptables -P OUTPUT ACCEPT
    $iptables -P FORWARD DROP
    $iptables -t nat -P PREROUTING ACCEPT
    $iptables -t nat -P POSTROUTING ACCEPT
    $iptables -t nat -P OUTPUT
                                 ACCEPT
    # Flushing(clearing) all rules of all tables
    $iptables -F
    $iptables -t nat -F
    # Delete customized chains
    $iptables -X
    echo -e "$rc_done"
    ;;
 restart)
    $0 stop && $0 start $2 $3 || echo -e " $rc_failed"
    ;;
  status)
    # Show all rules of all tables
    $iptables -nvL
    echo " "
    echo "--- *** NAT-TABLE ***----"
    echo " "
    $iptables -t nat -nvL
    ;;
  * )
    # Display error if arguments syntax is incorrect
    echo -n "Usage: $0 {start|stop|restart|status}"
    echo -e "$rc_failed"
    exit 1
```

esac

exit 0